Outboard

engine checklist

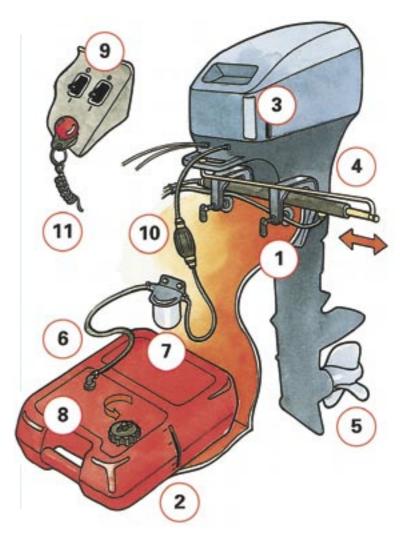
Pre-start checks

- 1. Clamps or bolts
- **2.** Fuel
- **3.** Oil
- 4. Controls
- **5.** Propeller
- 6. Fuel line
- **7.** Fuel filter
- 8. Tank vent
- 9. Battery switch
- 10. Primer bulb
- 11. Kill cord

NEVER run an outboard motor out of the water unless you have arranged some other supply of cooling water

After starting

- Cooling water
- Warm up



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Pre-start checks

- 1. Clamps and bolts. Make sure the engine is securely clamped or bolted to the boat.
- Fuel. Make sure your fuel is fresh and uncontaminated, and that you have enough for your intended trip, plus a generous reserve. Do not overfill.
- Oil. Some two-stroke outboards need oil mixed with their fuel. Make sure you use a marine two-stroke oil (labelled TCW3) and that you mix it in the right ratio.
 - Other two-strokes have a separate oil reservoir. They also require a proper marine two-stroke oil.
 - Four-stroke outboards have an internal sump like a car engine. Check the level with the dip stick, and top up if necessary with engine oil (NOT two-stroke oil).
- 4. Controls. Turn the steering wheel from lock to lock and the throttle/gear control from ahead to astern to make sure that the controls operate correctly.
- Propeller. Make sure the propeller and drive leg are free of debris such as rope, weed, fishing line, or plastic bags.
- Fuel line. Connect the fuel line to the tank and to the engine. Make sure it is in good condition and free of kinks.

- Fuel filter. If it is fitted with a water separator/filter, inspect the filter bowl for dirt or water and drain it off if necessary.
- **8.** On small engines with **integral tanks**, make sure the fuel tap is open.
- **9**. **Tank vent.** Open the tank vent.
- **10. Battery switch.** If your engine is connected to the boat's electrical system, make sure all the necessary switches and circuit breakers are switched on.
- **11.** If it is fitted with a **primer bulb**, squeeze the bulb until it is firm.
- **12. Kill cord.** If your engine has a kill cord, connect it to the kill switch and clip the other end to your leg, wrist or lifejacket. Test it to see that it works.

After starting

- Immediately check that there is a good flow of water from the cooling water tell-tale. (If not, check that the tell-tale hole isn't clogged.)
- 2. Allow the engine to warm up so that it will tick over smoothly before setting off.

